

Implementing the INTERACT II Toolkit

Thursday, September 22nd

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Now We Will

- Discuss the purpose of the INTERACT II toolkit
- Review the key tools in the INTERACT II toolkit
- Discuss Implementation Strategies
- Share Lessons Learned About Training

Why It Matters









A Toolkit to Improve Nursing Home Care by Reducing Avoidable Acute Care Transfers and Hospitalizations

The INTERACT II Tools, educational materials, and implementation strategies were developed by Drs. Joseph Ouslander, Gerri Lamb, Alice Bonner, and Ruth Tappen, and Laurie Herndon with input from a variety of direct care providers and national experts in a project supported by the Commonwealth Fund based at Florida Atlantic University.

Initial versions of the INTERACT Tools were developed by Dr. Ouslander and Mary Perloe, MS, GNP at the Georgia Medical Care Foundation with the support of a special study contract from CMS.

Purpose Of Toolkit

- Aid in the early identification of a resident change of status
- Guide staff through a comprehensive resident assessment when a change has been identified
- Improve documentation around resident change in condition
- Enhance communication with other health care providers about a resident change of status

Overall Approach

- Dr. Ouslander "Simple Test"
- Feasible and efficient
- Part of the "way we do business"
- Acceptable to staff

"I love this project! (I love that it's short on rhetoric and theory and focuses on tools and I especially love the flexibility you've given facilities to tailor it to their needs)"

Organization of Tools in Toolkit Champion Resource Binder

Communication Tools

Clinical Care Paths

Advance Care Planning Tools

Communication Tools

- Early Warning Tool
- SBAR and Progress Note
- Resident Transfer Form
- Transfer Checklist



EARLY WARNING TOOL

"Stop and Watch"

If you have identified an important change while caring for a resident today, please circle the change and discuss it with the charge nurse before the end of your shift.

N-----

Name of Resident
Seems different than usual T alks or communicates less than usual Overall needs more help than usual P articipated in activities less than usual
Ate less than usual (Not because of dislike of food) N Drank less than usual
Weight change A gitated or nervous more than usual T ired, weak, confused, or drowsy C hange in skin color or condition Help with walking, transferring, toileting more than usual
Staff
Reported to
Date / / Time

- Where to keep it
- Who should use it
- Different languages
- Limited response
- Formatting
- Tracking utilization
- Staff Literacy
- Nonpunitive approach

- "We use it for EVERYTHING"
- "Organize Your Thoughts Form"
- Easy to recognize change in condition
- Can identify "near misses"
- "Warm hand off"
- Behavioral program
- Standard work=Reliable outcomes

SBAR



Physician/NP/PA Communication and Progress Note For New Symptoms, Signs and Other Changes in Condition

Befo	ore Calling MD/NP/PA:								
	☐ Evaluate the resident and complete the SBAR form (use *N/A* for not applicable)								
	☐ Check VS: BP, pulse, respiratory rate, temperature, pulse ox, and/or finger stick glucose if indicated								
	☐ Review chart: recent progress notes, labs, orders								
	□ Review relevant INTERACT II Care Path or Acute Change in Status File Card								
	Have relevant information available when reporting (i.e. resident chart, vital signs, advanced directives such as DNR and other care limiting orders, allergies, medication list)								
S	SITUATION								
	The symptom/sign/change I'm calling about is								
	This started								
	This started This has gotten (circle one) worse/better/stayed the same since it started								
	Things that make the condition worse are								
	Things that make the condition better are								
	Other things that have occurred with this change are								
Б	·								
В	BACKGROUND								
	Primary diagnosis and/or reason resident is at the nursing home								
	Pertinent history (e.g. recent falls, fever, decreased intake, pain, SOB, other)								
	Vital signs BP/ HR RR Temp								
	Pulse Oximetry % On RA on O2 at L/min via (NC, mask)								
	Change in function or mobility								
	Medication changes or new orders in the last two weeks								
	Mental status changes (e.g. confusion/agitation/lethargy)								
	GI/GU changes (circle) (e.g. nausea/vomiting/diarrhea/impaction/distension/decreased urinary output/other)								
	Pain level/location								
	Change in intake/hydration								
	Change in skin or wound status								
	Labs								
	Advance directives (circle) (Full code, DNR, DNI, DNH, other, not documented)								
	Allergies Any other data								
Δ	ACCECCMENT (DN) OD ADDEADANCE (LDN)								
_	ASSESSMENT (RN) OR APPEARANCE (LPN)								
	(For RNs): What do you think is going on with the resident? (e.g. cardiac, infection, respiratory, urinary, dehydration,								
	mental status change?) I think that the problem may be								
	(For LPNs): The resident appears (e.g. SOB, in pain, more confused)								
_									
к	REQUEST								
	I suggest or request (check all that apply):								
	□ Provider visit (MD/NP/PA) □ Monitor vital signs and observe								
	□ Lab work, x-rays, EKG, other tests □ Change in current orders								
	□ IV or SC fluids □ New orders								
	□ Other (specify) □ Transfer to the hospital								
	Staff nameRN/LPN								
	Reported to: Name (MD/NP/PA) Date _ / _ / _ Timea.m./p.m.								
	If to MD/NP/PA, communicated by: Phone In person								
	Resident name								
	(Complete a progress note on the back of this form)								
°2010 I	(Complete a progress note on the back of this form) Updated January 2011								



RESIDENT TRAN	SEEK FO	JRIVI	INTERACT ¹¹				
SENT TO: (Name of Hospital)		RESIDENT: Last Name	First Name MI				
SENT FROM: (Name of Nursing H	ome)	DOB:/_/ Language: English	Other:				
Date:/ Unit:			-/rehab Long-term				
CONTACT PERSON:		CODE STATUS:					
(Relative, guardian or DPOA/Relations	ship)	DNR DNH DI	NI Full Code				
	name	MD/NP/PA IN NURSI	NG HOME:				
Is this the health care proxy?	Yes No	MD NP P					
Telephone:() Notified of transfer: Yes	No.						
	No No	Telephone:() -	Pager:() -				
WHO TO CALL TO GET							
	ame	title_ Telephor					
REASO	N FOR TRANS	FER (i.e., What Happened?)					
List of Diagnoses:							
VS: BP HR RR T	pOx	FS glucose Time T	aken:: AM/PM				
Allergies:		Tetanus Booster (da	ite):/				
Usual Mental Status:		Usual Functional S					
Alert, oriented, follows instructions Alert, disoriented, but can follow sin	nole instructions	Ambulates indepe	•				
Alert, disoriented, but cannot follow	•						
Not alert		Not ambulatory					
		or additional information					
DEVICES / SPECIAL TREATMENTS:	AT RISK ALEF	RTS: Seizure	ISOLATION / PRECAUTION				
IV/PICC line Pacemaker	Falls	Harm to:	MRSA VRE C-Diff				
Foley Catheter	Pressure	Self Others	Other:				
Internal Defibrillator	Ulcer	Restraints	Site:				
TPN	Aspiration Wanderer	Limited/non-weight bearing: Left Right	Comment:				
Other:	Elopement	Other:					
CAPABILITIES OF THE	NURSING HO	OME TO CARE FOR T	HIS RESIDENT:				
IVF therapy IV ar	ntibiotics	MD/NP/PA follow u	p visit within 24 hours				
	Other:						
NURSING HOME WOULD BE ABLE	TO ACCEPT RESI	DENT BACK UNDER THE F					
ED determines diagnosis, and tr	eatment can be d		stabilized and follow up				
Other: plan can be done in NH							
Form Completed By:	ame	title	signature				
Report Called In By: Report Called To:							
	alat -		- India				

- "It took two nurses working together 30 minutes to fill this out"
- "This isn't so different from what we usually do"
- "Gets easier with practice"
- Take old forms off units



ACUTE CARE TRANSFER DOCUMENT CHECKLIST

RESIDENT NAME						
COPIES SENT WITH RESIDENT (Check all that apply):						
These documents should ALWAYS accompany patient: Resident Transfer Form Face Sheet Current Medication List or Current MAR Advance Directives Care limiting Orders Out of hospital DNR Bed hold policy						
Send these documents IF INDICATED: SBAR/Nurse's Progress Note Most Recent History & Physical and any recent hospital discharge summary Recent MD/NP/PA Orders related to Acute Condition Relevant Lab Results Relevant X-Rays PERSONAL BELONGINGS SENT WITH RESIDENT: Eyeglasses Hearing Aid Dental Appliance Other (specify)						
Signature of ambulance staff accepting envelope:						

(Please make a copy and keep this for your records in the nursing home)

QUALITY IMPROVEMENT TOOL



The goal of this tool is to review transfers in order to identify opportunities to improve the identification, evaluation, and management of changes in resident condition and other situations that commonly result in transfers, and when feasible and safe, to prevent transfers to the hospital. This tool is intended to be completed retrospectively after the transfer to look back and identify opportunities for improvement in reducing preventable transfers.

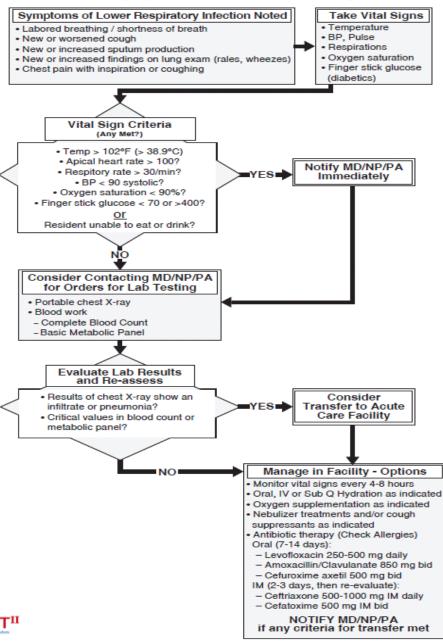
Section 1: BACKGROUND INFORMATION

Resident's La	st Name	First Na	me	Age	Unit/Room #
a. Date of most recent	admission to nursing	home:	11	2	
b. Resident hospitalized	I in the past 12 month	hs?	No □ Yes If yes, lis	t dates an	d reasons below:
Section 2: DESCRI	BE THE ACUTE	CHANGE IN	CONDITION THA	T LED TO	TRANSFER
Date the change in con-	dition first noticed:		1		
a. Check all that apply					
CHANGE IN: Appetite/intake Behavior Function	NEW CONDITI Bleeding Breathing dif Constipation Diarrhea Fall Pain (new or	ficulty or SOB	NEW SYMPTOM(S) Altered mental sta Congestive heart Dehydration Fever Lower respiratory Urinary tract infect	atus failure infection	OTHER CHANGE: Abnormal lab value(s) Abnormal vital signs Family concern Other (specify)
a. Check all that apply CHANGE IN: Appetite/intake Behavior Function Skin or a wound	NEW CONDITI Bleeding Breathing dif Constipation Diarrhea Fall Pain (new or Other (specif	ficulty or SOB worsened) fy)	☐ Altered mental str ☐ Congestive heart ☐ Dehydration ☐ Fever ☐ Lower respiratory ☐ Urinary tract infec	atus failure infection tion	☐ Abnormal lab value(s ☐ Abnormal vital signs ☐ Family concern
CHANGE IN: Appetite/intake Behavior Function Skin or a wound	NEW CONDITI Bleeding Breathing dif Constipation Diarrhea Fall Pain (new or Other (specif	ficulty or SOB worsened) fy)	☐ Altered mental str ☐ Congestive heart ☐ Dehydration ☐ Fever ☐ Lower respiratory ☐ Urinary tract infec	atus failure infection tion	☐ Abnormal lab value(s ☐ Abnormal vital signs ☐ Family concern
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Section 3: EVALUATION a. Check all that apply:	AND MANAGEMENT		
a. Check an inat apply. TOOLS USED: Stop and Watch SBAR Progress Note Care Path Change in Condition Cards	MEDICAL EVALUATION: Telephone only On-site visit - MD On-site visit - NP or PA	TESTING: Blood tests Urinalysis or culture Xray Other (specify)	INTERVENTIONS: New medication I V or SC fluids Other (specify)
b. Briefly describe how the sympto	oms, signs, or change was evalu	ated and managed before hospit	al transfer.
c. Was advanced care planning	(e.g. DNR, DNH, palliative or	hospice care) discussed?	□ No □ Yes
d. Was the resident transferred	to the hospital? 🗆 No (skip t	to Section 5)	complete Sections 4 and 5
Section 4: TRANSFER IN	IFORMATION		
Date of transfer://	/ Day (circle): M	TW Th FSa Sn Time of tr	ansfer:;a.m./p.m
MD authorizing transfer: Prim	nary MD	☐ Other ()
a. What contributed to the trans	fer? (Check all that apply):		
☐ Abnormal vital signs ☐ Abnormal lab(s)		 □ MD insisted on transfer □ Resident preference or insistence 	stence
□ Injury		☐ Family preference or insiste	
☐ Worsening condition despite	intervention	☐ Other (specify)	
Section 5: OPPORTUNIT a. After review of how the new s any opportunities for improve	symptoms, signs, or other char		ed, has your team identified
b. In retrospect, does your team t	hink this transfer might have bee	en prevented?	
□ No □ Yes If yes, check a	ll that apply and describe br	iefly	
☐ The new sign, symptom, or o ☐ The condition might have bee ☐ Advance directives and/or pa ☐ Other (specify)	en managed safely in the facili	ty without transfer	
Name of person completing for	orm		Date of completion
90010 FALL			Undated January 20

"My initial determination was based on the fact thatif the patient was admitted....I automatically felt is was unavoidable.....but I've had a culture change with my thought process"...

CARE PATH: Symptoms of Lower Respiratory Infection



- Fever
- MentalStatusChange
- Dehydration
- •UTI
- CHF

Advance Care Planning Tools

Identifying Residents to Consider for Palliative Care and Hospice	Pocket Card
Advance Care Planning Communication Guide	File Cards
Comfort Care Order Set	File Cards
Educational Information for Families	Reprints



ADVANCE CARE PLANNING TRACKING FORM

RESIDENT NAME:
Residents and/or their responsible health care decision makers should be provided the opportunity to discuss advance care planning with appropriate staff members and medical providers within the first few days of admission to the facility, at times of change in condition, and periodically for routine updating of care plans.
The purpose of this form is to provide a tool to document that these discussions are taking place. Improving advance care planning is a now a goal of the <i>Advancing Excellence in America's Nursing Homes Campaign</i> . This form has been adapted from the campaign's website: http://www.nhqualitycampaiqn.org/files/impquides/6

Use Continuation Pages to document additional Advance Care Planning Reviews and Discussions

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Lessons Learned About Implementation

Lessons Learned: Getting Started



Leadership "buy in" is important

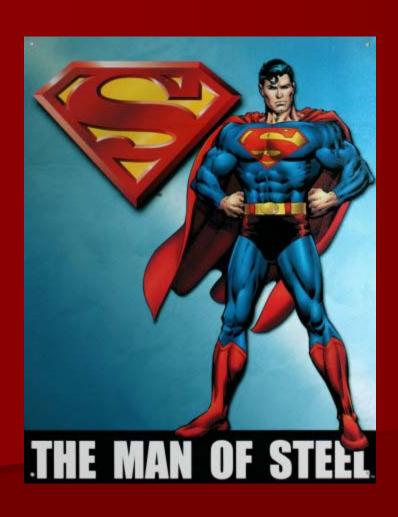
"This is great...we would love to do this at our facility"

Remember...

The frontlines are where it happens



The Champion



- "I still think there is incredible value to this project and am going to keep working very hard on it"
- "I tell the staff to go out onto the units and look for transfers waiting to happen"

"I'm seeing it happen...walking on the units and seeing the nurses using the SBAR...it's great."



"I am going to elicit an alliance"

Champion Responsibilities

- ■Work on buy-in from key people
- Think about finding a partner/team of your own
- Think about the off shift
- Develop plan for training staff

Getting Started: Training Sessions

- 1/2 to ¾ day at each site
- Met with key staff for 30-45 min each
 - Administrator/DON/Medical Director/Dept heads
 - Nursing staff
 - CNA staff
 - Social Workers
 - Rehab staff
 - NPs when available

Feedback on the training

- Team approach from the beginning
- Consider involving the medical director
- Frequent repeats
- Small groups
- **1:1**
- "It's about more than just the tools"



Getting Started: The Acute Care Connection

- More receptive with discussions about Accountable Care Organizations and Payment Reform
- Compliments Disease Management initiatives
- Who is the right person to contact?
- STAAR Initiative www.ihi.org

Relationships Matter

- "Our NP told me she couldn't believe how much the nursing assessments have improved since we started this"
- Ambulance Drivers
- Vendors
- Home Care
- Resident Family Councils
- "It's all about teamwork"

Lessons Learned

- It can be done
- Allow 3 months to get started
- Anticipate questions
- Promote as integrated set of tools
- Anticipate enthusiasm
- Be ready for refining and critical thinking at 12-18 months
 - Ex. Cross Continuum Team
 - − Transfer Form
 - Post Acute Checklist

Implementation Strategies Think About



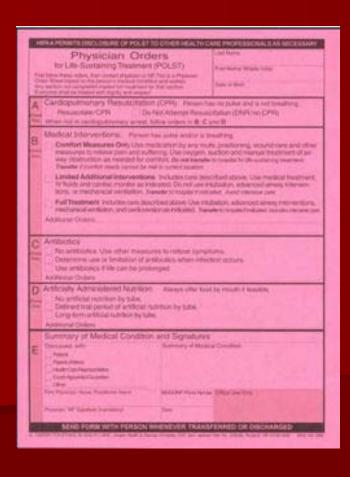
- "Starting with SBAR on the subacute unit"
- "I think the majority of staff are missing early warning signs. It is not a matter of not using Stop and Watch but overall warning signs that are small are missed. What we recognize is the huge LEAP from warning to... probably gone too far... and now can not do appropriate interventions and work up in facility.... thus off they go"

Implementation Strategies Think About



- SBAR serves as progress note
- Resident Transfer Form: Take the old ones off the unit
- "Our transfer form was almost exactly like this one so we kept it"

Implementation Strategies Think About

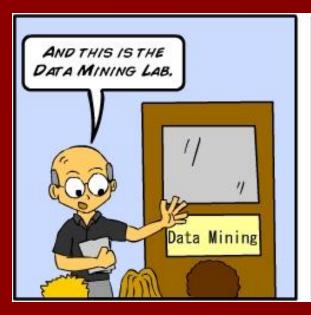


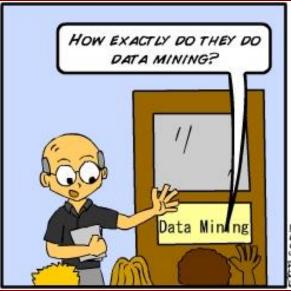
THE AMERICAN JOURNAL of MEDICINE®

Randomized Trial of a Warfarin Communication Protocol for Nursing Homes: an SBAR-based Approach

> Field, T., et al Volume 124, Issue 2, February 2011

Implementation Strategies Think About







ACUTE CARE TRANSFER LOG



Facility Name	

Resident Room Number	recent admission the fa	Admitted to Status at time the facility of Transfer*	e Date of Transfer	Time of Transfer	Outcome of Transfer (check which applies)		Hospital Diagnosis for ED visit	
		from" (circle)		Date of Transfer	or p.m.)	ED visit only (returned to facility)	Admitted to the hospital	or admission
		Hosp H O	S LT O		a.m. p.m.			
		Hosp H O	S LT O		a.m. p.m.			
		Hosp H O	S LT O		a.m. p.m.			
		Hosp H O	S LT O		a.m. p.m.			
		Hosp H O	S LT O		a.m. p.m.			
		Hosp H O	S LT O		a.m. p.m.			
		Hosp H O	S LT O		a.m. p.m.			
		Hosp H O	S LT O		a.m. p.m.			
		Hosp H O	S LT O		a.m. p.m.			
		Hosp H O	S LT O	1_1_	a.m. p.m.			

"Hosp = Hospital H = Home O = Other

*S = Sidled (Medicare Part.A) LT = Long-term (Medicald, private pay) O = Other (e.g. managed care)

*2010 FAU Updated January 2011

Customizing the program

- Newsletter
- Grand Rounds
- Morbidity and Mortality Rounds
- NCR paper for Transfer Forms
- Tools part of new hire orientation
- Scratch cards, free lunch
- "Its about more than just the tools. It's about culture and how you do business"



Thank You!